

Program Name : Mechanical Engineering & Automobile Engineering Program
Program Code : AE/ME
Semester : Third
Course Title : Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering
Course Code : 22310

1. RATIONALE

Diploma engineers (also called technologists) passouts have to deal with electrical and electronics engineering principles and applications in industrial processes of different fields. It is therefore necessary for them to apply the principles of electrical and electronics engineering. This course will make them conversant with electrical / electronic engineering aspects of manufacturing, production, fabrication, automobile and mechanical engineering based processes in industries.

2. COMPETENCY

This course is to be taught and implemented with the aim to develop in the student, the course outcomes (COs) leading to the attainment of following industry identified competency expected from this course:

- Use electrical and electronic equipment safely in mechanical engineering applications.

3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The theory, practical experiences and relevant soft skills associated with this course are to be taught and implemented, so that the student demonstrates the following *industry oriented* COs associated with the above mentioned competency:

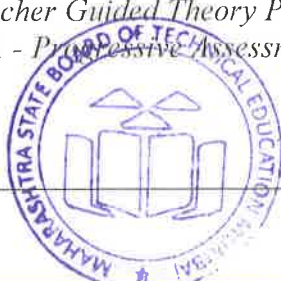
- Use principles of electric and magnetic circuits to solve engineering problems.
- Determine voltage and current in A.C. circuits.
- Connect transformers and electric motors for specific requirements.
- Identify electronic components in electric circuits.
- Use relevant electronic components safely.
- Use relevant electric/electronic protective devices safely.

4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme			Credit (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme												
L	T	P		Theory						Practical						
				Paper Hrs.	ESE		PA		Total		ESE		PA		Total	
					Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min
4	-	2	6	3	70	28	30*	00	100	40	25@	10	25	10	50	20

(*): Under the theory PA, Out of 30 marks, 10 marks are for micro-project assessment to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

Legends: L- Lecture; T - Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C - Credit, ESE - End Semester Examination; PA - Progressive Assessment



5. COURSE MAP (with sample COs, PrOs, UOs, ADOs and topics)

This course map illustrates an overview of the flow and linkages of the topics at various levels of outcomes (details in subsequent sections) to be attained by the student by the end of the course, in all domains of learning in terms of the industry/employer identified competency depicted at the centre of this map.

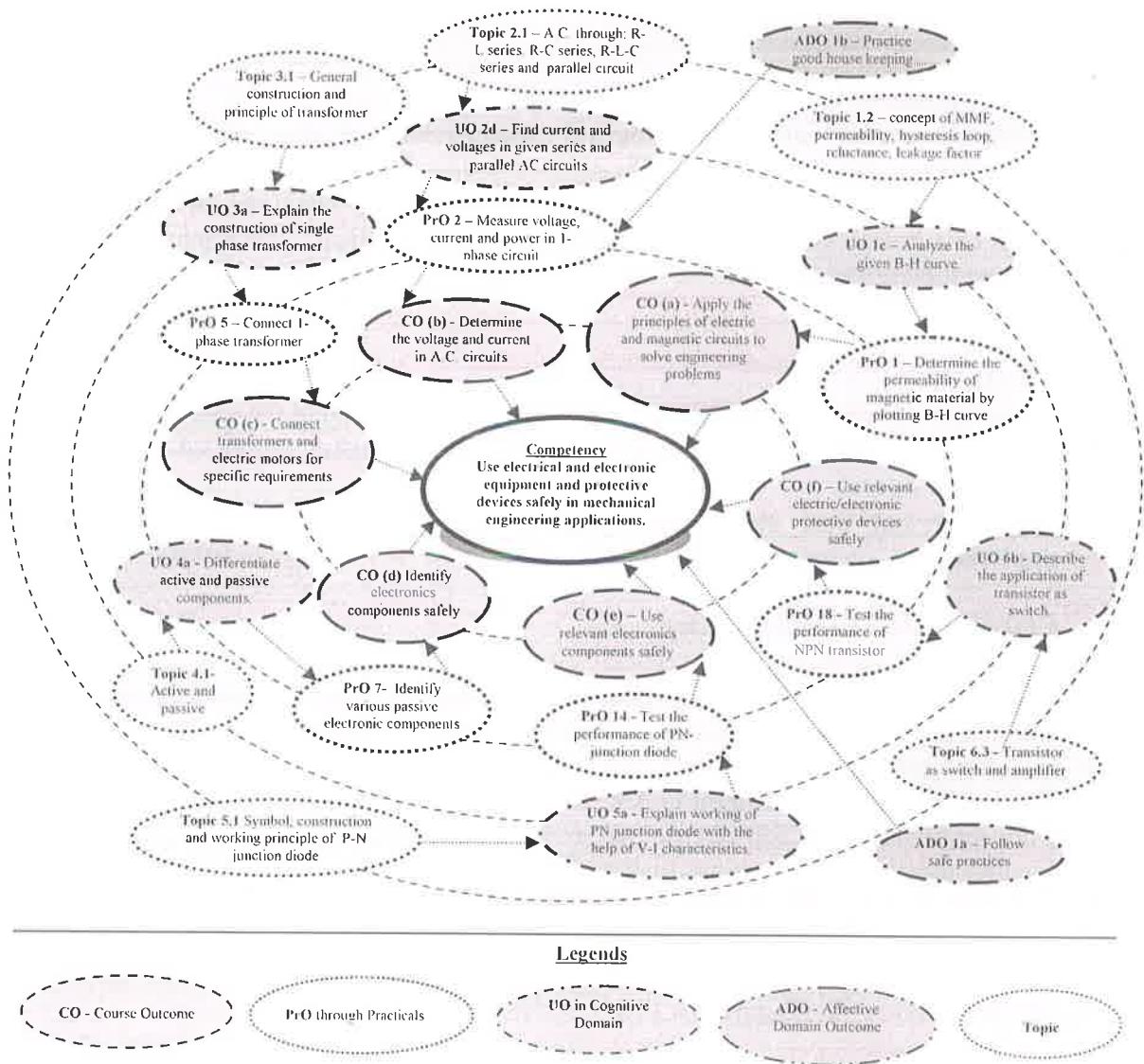


Figure 1 - Course Map

6. SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/ EXERCISES

The practicals in this section are PrOs (i.e. sub-components of the COs) to be developed and assessed in the student for the attainment of the competency.

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Determine the permeability of magnetic material by plotting its B-II curve.	I	02*
2	Measure voltage, current and power in 1-phase circuit with resistive load.	II	02*

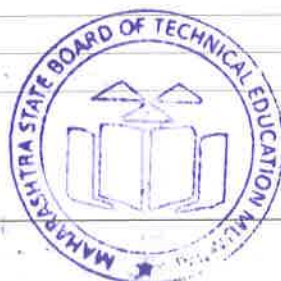


S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
3	Measure voltage, current and power in R-L series circuit.	II	02*
4	Determine the transformation ratio (K) of 1-phase transformer.	III	02
5	Connect single phase transformer and measure input and output quantities.	III	02
6	Make Star and Delta connection in induction motor starters and measure the line and phase values.	III	02
7	Identify various passive electronic components in the given circuit	IV	02
8	Connect resistors in series and parallel combination on bread board and measure its value using digital multimeter.	IV	02
9	Connect capacitors in series and parallel combination on bread board and measure its value using multimeter.	IV	02*
10	Identify various active electronic components in the given circuit.	IV	02
11	Use multimeter to measure the value of given resistor.	IV	02
12	Use LCR-Q tester to measure the value of given capacitor and inductor.	IV	02
13	Determine the value of given resistor using digital multimeter to confirm with colour code.	IV	02*
14	Test the PN-junction diodes using digital multimeter.	V	02*
15	Test the performance of PN-junction diode.	V	02
16	Test the performance of Zener diode.	V	02
17	Test the performance of LED.	V	02
18	Identify three terminals of a transistor using digital multimeter.	VI	02
19	Test the performance of NPN transistor.	VI	02*
20	Determine the current gain of CE transistor configuration.	VI	02
21	Test the performance of transistor switch circuit.	VI	02
22	Test the performance of transistor amplifier circuit.	VI	02
Total			44

Note

- i. A suggestive list of PrOs is given in the above table. More such PrOs can be added to attain the COs and competency. A judicious mix of minimum 12 or more practical need to be performed, out of which, the practicals marked as '*' are compulsory, so that the student reaches the 'Precision Level' of Dave's 'Psychomotor Domain Taxonomy' as generally required by the industry.
- ii. The 'Process' and 'Product' related skills associated with each PrO is to be assessed according to a suggested sample given below:

S. No.	Performance Indicators	Weightage in %
1	Preparation of experimental set up	20
2	Setting and operation	20
3	Safety measures	10
4	Observations and Recording	10
5	Interpretation of result and Conclusion	20
6	Answer to sample questions	10
7	Submission of report in time	10
Total		100



The above PrOs also comprise of the following social skills/attitudes which are Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) that are best developed through the laboratory/field based experiences:

- Follow safety practices.
- Practice good housekeeping.
- Demonstrate working as a leader/a team member.
- Maintain tools and equipment.
- Follow ethical practices.

The ADOs are not specific to any one PrO, but are embedded in many PrOs. Hence, the acquisition of the ADOs takes place gradually in the student when s/he undertakes a series of practical experiences over a period of time. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- 'Valuing Level' in 1st year
- 'Organising Level' in 2nd year
- 'Characterising Level' in 3rd year.

7. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

The major equipment with broad specification mentioned here will usher in uniformity in conduct of experiments, as well as aid to procure equipment by authorities concerned.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	Pro. S.No.
1	Single Phase Transformer: 1kVA, single-phase, 230/115 V, air cooled, enclosed type.	1,5
2	Single phase auto transformer (Dimmerstat) - Single-Phase, Air cooled, enclosed model, Input: 0 ~ 230, 10A, Output: 0 ~ 270Volts	2,3,4
3	Lamp Bank - 230 V 0-20 A	17
4	Single phase Induction motor – ½ HP, 230 V, 50 Hz, AC supply	5
5	Different types of starters	6
6	Digital multimeter , 3 and ½ digit, separate range for resistances and capacitance. component tester, AC and DC measurement.	7,8,11,13, 14,15,16
7	Dual trace CRO/DSO, 50MHz.	4,5,19, 20
8	Function generator, :0-2MHz. for generation of Sin ,square, pulse and triangular wave shapes	17,21,22
9	LCR-Q Meter/Tester	12

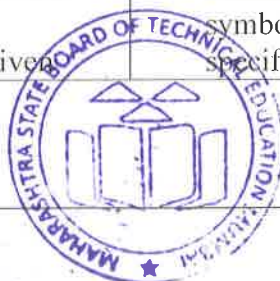
8. UNDERPINNING THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics are to be taught and assessed in order to develop the sample UOs given below for achieving the COs to attain the identified competency. More UOs could be added.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
	Electrical Engineering	
Unit – I Electric	1a. Explain the given technical terms related to electric and	1.1 EMF, Current, Potential Difference, Power and Energy.



Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
and Magnetic Circuits	<p>magnetic circuits.</p> <p>1b. Interpret the given B-H curve.</p> <p>1c. Interpret hysteresis loop of the given material.</p> <p>1d. Apply Fleming's right hand rule and Lenz's law for determination of direction of induced emf in the given situation.</p>	<p>1.2 M.M.F, magnetic force, permeability, hysteresis loop, reluctance, leakage factor and B-H curve.</p> <p>1.3 Analogy between electric and magnetic circuits.</p> <p>1.4 Electromagnetic induction, Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction, Lenz's law, Dynamically induced emf.</p> <p>1.5 Statically induced emf.-(a) Self induced emf (b) Mutually induced emf; Equations of self and mutual inductance.</p>
Unit- II A.C. Circuits	<p>2a. Explain attributes of the given AC quantities.</p> <p>2b. Find currents and voltages in the given series and parallel AC circuits.</p> <p>2c. Derive the current and voltage relationship in the given star and delta connected circuits</p> <p>2d. Determine the current and voltage in the given star and delta connection.</p> <p>2e. Solve simple numerical problems related to the given AC circuits.</p>	<p>2.1 Cycle, Frequency, Periodic time, Amplitude, Angular velocity, RMS value, Average value, Form Factor, Peak Factor, impedance, phase angle, and power factor.</p> <p>2.2 Mathematical and phasor representation of alternating emf and current; Voltage and Current relationship in Star and Delta connections.</p> <p>2.3 A.C. in resistors, inductors and capacitors; A.C. in R-L series, R-C series, R-L-C series and parallel circuits; Power in A. C. Circuits, power triangle.</p>
Unit- III Transform er and single phase induction motors	<p>3a Explain with sketches the construction and working principle of the given type of single phase transformer.</p> <p>3b Explain with sketches the working principle of the given Autotransformer.</p> <p>3c Describe with sketches the the construction of the given single phase motor.</p> <p>3d Explain with sketches the working principle of the given single phase induction motors.</p>	<p>3.1 General construction and principle of different type of transformers, Emf equation and transformation ratio of transformers.</p> <p>3.2 Auto transformers.</p> <p>3.3 Construction and Working principle of single phase A.C. motor.</p> <p>3.4 Types of single phase motors, applications of single phase motors.</p>
Electronics Engineering		
Unit – IV Electronic Component s	<p>4a. Differentiate between the given active and passive electronic components.</p> <p>4b. Calculate value of the given</p>	<p>4.1 Active and passive components; Resistor, capacitor, inductor symbols, colour codes, specifications.</p>



Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
and Signals	resistor and capacitor using colour code. 4c. Explain the given signal parameters with sketches. 4d. Identify the given type of ICs based on the IC number.	4.2 Voltage and Current Sources. 4.3 Signals: waveform (sinusoidal, triangular and square), time and frequency domain representation, amplitude, frequency, phase, wavelength. 4.4 Integrated Circuits – analog and digital.
Unit– V Diodes and Applications	5a. Explain with sketches the working of the given type of diode using V-I characteristics. 5b. Locate the zener voltage on the given V-I characteristic with justification. 5c. Explain with sketches the working of the given type of rectifier using circuit diagrams. 5d. Justify selection of power supply and LEDs for the given circuit.	5.1 P-N junction diode: symbol, construction, working and applications. 5.2 Zener diode: working, symbol, voltage regulator. 5.3 Rectifiers: Half wave, Full wave and Bridge Rectifier, Performance parameters: PIV, ripple factor, efficiency. 5.4 Filters: circuit diagram and working of 'L', 'C' and 'π' filter 5.5 Light Emitting Diodes: symbol, construction, working principle and applications.
Unit– VI Bipolar Junction Transistor	6a. Explain with sketches the the application of the given type of transistor as a switch. 6b. Determine the current gain of the given type of transistor configurations using transfer characteristic curve. 6c. Compare the performance of the given transistor configurations. 6d. Select the type of transistors and their configurations for the given application.	6.1 BJT: symbol, construction and working principle. 6.2 Transistor as switch and amplifier. 6.3 Input and Output characteristics: CE, CB and CC configurations. 6.4 Operating regions: Cut-off, saturation and Active. 6.5 Transistor parameters: CB gain α , CE gain β , input resistance, output resistance, relation between (α) and (β).

Note: To attain the COs and competency, above listed UOs need to be undertaken to achieve the 'Application Level' and above of Bloom's 'Cognitive Domain Taxonomy'.

9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit No.	Unit Title	Teaching Hours	Distribution of Theory Marks			
			R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks
	Electrical Engineering					
I	Electric and Magnetic Circuits	08	02	02	04	08
II	A.C. Circuits	10	02	04	06	12
III	Transformer and single phase		04	06	06	16



Unit No.	Unit Title	Teaching Hours	Distribution of Theory Marks			
			R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks
	induction motors					
	Electronics Engineering					
IV	Electronic components and Signals	10	02	04	06	12
V	Diodes and applications	10	02	04	06	12
VI	Bipolar Junction Transistor	12	02	04	04	10
	Total	64	14	24	32	70

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Bloom's Revised taxonomy)

Note: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and assess students with respect to attainment of UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may vary from above table.

10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity, also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- Make star delta connections of transformer.
- Connect the various meters to measure the current and voltage of induction motor.
- Visit site and interpret the name plate ratings and identify the parts of a transformer.
- Present seminar on any of the above or relevant topic.
- Conduct market survey and interpret the name plate ratings and identify the parts of an induction motor.

11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- Massive open online courses (**MOOCs**) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- 'L' in item No. 4 does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods and media that are to be employed to develop the outcomes.
- About **15-20% of the topics/sub-topics** which is relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-directed learning** and assess the development of the COs through classroom presentations (see implementation guideline for details).
- With respect to item No.10, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for **co-curricular activities**.
- Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- Use Animations to explain the construction and working of electrical machines.

12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

Only one micro-project is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based. However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, it should be preferably be **individually** undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so

that s/he contributes to the projects of the industry. In special situations where groups have to be formed for micro-projects, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The total duration of the micro-project should not be less than **16 (sixteen) student engagement hours** during the course. The student ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects are given here. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned faculty:

- a. **Electric and magnetic circuit:** Each batch will prepare a coil without core. Students will note the deflection of galvanometer connected across the coil for: movement of the North Pole of permanent magnet towards and away from the coil (slow and fast movement), movement of the South Pole of permanent magnet towards and away from the coil (slow and fast movement). Students will demonstrate and prepare a report based on their observations. (**Duration: 8 hours**)
- b. **Transformer:** Each batch will visit nearby pole mounted sub-station and prepare a report based on the following points:
 - i. Rating: kVA rating, primary and secondary voltage, connections
 - ii. Different parts and their functions
 - iii. Earthing arrangement
- c. **Single phase induction motor:** Each batch will select a three phase squirrel cage type induction motor for a particular application (assume suitable rating). They will visit local electrical market (if the market is not nearby you may use the Internet) and prepare a report based on the following points:
 - i. Manufactures
 - ii. Technical specifications
 - iii. Features offered by different manufacturers
 - iv. Price range
- d. **Transistor as a switch:** Each batch (3-4 students) will search and study datasheet of transistor and relevant component and will build / test transistor switch circuit on breadboard/General purpose PCB for various input signal.
- e. **Prepare display boards consisting of electronic components:** Each batch (3-4 students) will prepare display boards/ models/ charts/ Posters to visualize the appearance of electronic active and passive components.
- f. **Diode:** Build a circuit on general purpose PCB to clamp a waveform at 3.0V using diode and passive components.

13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Basic Electrical Engineering	Mittle and Mittal	McGraw Education, New Delhi, 2015, ISBN : 978-0-07-0088572-5
2	Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering	Saxena, S. B. Lal	Cambridge University Press, latest edition ISBN : 9781107464353
3	Electrical Technology Vol – I	Theraja, B. L.	S. Chand publications, New Delhi, 2015, ISBN: 9788121924405



S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
4	Electrical Technology Vol – II	Theraja, B. L.	S. Chand publications, New Delhi, 2015, ISBN: 9788121924375
5	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	Jegathesan, V.	Wiley India, New Delhi, 2015 ISBN : 97881236529513
6	A text book of Applied Electronics	Sedha, R.S.	S.Chand ,New Delhi, 2008 ISBN-13: 978-8121927833
7	Electronics Principles	Malvino, Albert Paul, David	McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi, 2015, ISBN-13: 978-0070634244
8	Principles of Electronics	Mehta, V.K. Mehta, Rohit	S. Chand and Company, New Delhi, 2014, ISBN-13-9788121924504
9	Fundamental of Electronic Devices and Circuits	Bell Devid	Oxford University Press, New Delhi 2015 ISBN : 9780195425239

14. SUGGESTED SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a. en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transformer
- b. www.animations.physics.unsw.edu.au/~jw/AC.html
- c. www.alpharubicon.com/altenergy/understandingAC.htm
- d. www.electronics-tutorials
- e. learn.sparkfun.com/tutorials/transistors
- f. www.pitt.edu/~qiw4/Academic/ME2082/Transistor%20Basics.pdf
- g. www.technologystudent.com/elec1/transis1.htm
- h. www.learningaboutelectronics.com/
- i. www.electrical4u.com

